

**\$15.00 WORTH OF MERCHANDISE  
GIVEN AWAY FREE!**

—AT THE—

**GRAND CLEARANCE SALE!**

—of—

**Globe Clothing Co.  
STOCK**

**Suits - Suits - Suits**

**For Short Time Only!  
Note Our Prices**

IN OUR WINDOW DISPLAY TODAY.

**SPECIAL INDUCEMENT.**

With every 50 cent purchase from our store during this sale the purchaser will be given a coupon, and on Saturday evening, March 18th, the person holding the greatest number of coupons will be entitled to \$15.00 worth of goods from our store.

**EVERYTHING REDUCED.  
NO OLD STOCK ON HAND—  
COME EARLY—DON'T FORGET THE  
COUPON. OPEN EVERY EVENING FOR  
ACCOMMODATION OF THE PUBLIC.**

**Globe Clothing Co.**  
HOTEL STREET.

**FRESH DAINTIES**

Call at the delicatessen counter for choice dainties just arrived per Alameda.

At the fruit and vegetable stand are all fruits and vegetables in season. Large pickling pineapples, \$1.50 per dozen.

**Metropolitan Meat Co., Ltd.**  
TELEPHONE MAIN 45.

**For Rent** Three artistic, new houses, modern improvements, hot and cold water, mosquito proof, three bedrooms each, fine location, rent, \$30.

SEE

122 S. King St.

**W. M. CAMPBELL**

At downtown office daily from 11 a. m. to 12:30 p. m., or mill office, 3 to 5 p. m.



**THE BANISTER SHOE**  
HIGHEST AWARD AT ST. LOUIS.

Any judge of fine footwear will recognize the grace of design and high finish of these shoes.

They have style and quality. The "Banister" Shoe satisfies the most critical in fit, comfort and wear and there is not a better shoe made.

Patent colt blucher light dress Oxford, \$6.50

**Manufacturers' Shoe Co.,**  
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QUALITY.

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**Honolulu Soap Works Co.**

FRED. L. WALDRON,

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Sales Agent.

Miss Jessie

**MacLachlan**

**Opera House**  
1st April

NEW LINE OF

**Ties, Shirts, Collars,  
Etc., Etc., Etc.**

—AT—

**J. Lando**

1056 Hotel Street.

## HOUSE TAKES UP QUESTION OF TAXATION

**Senate Has No Morning Session--The British  
Claims Again--Fuss Over Veto--Public  
Lands--Lane's Leprosy Bill.**

### THE SENATE.

TWENTY-FOURTH DAY.

There was no morning session of the Senate yesterday, owing to the funeral ceremonies attendant on the departure of the remains of the late Mrs. Jane L. Stanford for San Francisco. President Isenberg called the Senate to order at 2 p. m., when Chaplain Parker offered an opening prayer.

#### COMMUNICATIONS.

A letter from Secretary Atkinson informed the Senate that Governor Carter had signed Act 4, providing for indexing the records in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances. Another letter stated that the Governor had signed joint resolution No. 4, authorizing the Secretary to give the members of the Code Commission and of the County Act Commission, and the clerks thereof, each a copy of the Revised Laws of Hawaii.

A letter from the House stated that Senate resolution No. 10 had been laid on the table of the House. This was Achi's resolution to ask the banks about terms on which they would discount county warrants.

#### THE MOLOKAI VISIT.

Another communication from the House was an invitation, asking the members of the Senate to join the House Committee on a visit to the Leper Settlement, Molokai, on Saturday evening the 18th inst, in Wilder's steamer Kinau.

Dowsett was first to speak. In view of the fact that an invitation had been extended to them, he thought it should be accepted by the Senate and that they pay one-half of the expenses, said to be \$550, and that fifty permits should be granted to the Senate.

Dickey thought that, as the Senate had but half as many members as the House and a smaller appropriation for expenses it should stand a smaller proportion of the cost of the trip than one-half. It would be fair enough if the expenses of the trip were borne one-third by the Senate and two-thirds by the House. He moved an amendment that the Senate offer to pay \$200 of the expenses.

Achi moved that the invitation be referred to the Senate Health Committee to make arrangements with the House Committee. If they decided on something not acceptable to the House, the House might table it. It looked to him they were going to the settlement as guests of the House. Had they a right as guests to go up there and make their own investigations? He did not believe in going up there and doing nothing.

Dowsett did not think the cost of the trip too great and the payment of half by the Senate would be a happy solution of previous difficulty over the matter.

McCandless did not think there was anything to smooth over. The House could easily have amended the joint resolution sent it by the Senate. If the House did not want the Senate to go, the Senate might as well stay at home. There would be no difficulty for the Senate to get a steamer if they thought necessary to go. No notice of any difficulties at the Settlement had been received by the Senate, but the House Committee had a number of complaints.

Paris understood the reason the House put their resolution on the table was because the Senate was opposed to paying the expenses of two or three hundred people to go to Molokai. He did not believe they had any right to spend the money given for the expenses of the Senate to pay the passages of two or three hundred people. If they were going to visit the Settlement, it should be by a committee of the Senate and the House to investigate. He was in favor of declining the invitation with thanks.

Bishop seconded the motion to place the matter in the hands of the Health Committee, which carried by the affirmative vote of ten members.

Other House communications were to the effect that Long, Kaleiopi and Kalino were appointed a conference committee on Senate Bill No. 35, and that the House had concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 32.

**LANDS AND IMPROVEMENTS.**  
The Committee on Public Lands, etc., presented reports as follows:  
On petition for appropriation of \$20,000 for a road from Kahahuu to Heela, District of Koolaupeko, Oahu, recommending it be referred to the joint loan Committee. Adopted.

On petition that the lands of Honoua and Kaulaiki, District of Kau, Hawaii, be opened by the government as homesteads, recommending it be laid on the table. "The present policy of the administration," the committee finds, "is to set apart homesteads as fast as the leases on the various pieces of land expire where there are applications for the same. The lands specified in the petition are under lease at the present time, which leases expire one in the month of September, 1906, and the other in the month of January, 1906. If applications are made for the lands or any part thereof at the time the leases expire, we feel sure that the land will be set apart as desired." Adopted.

On Senate Resolution No. 38, to appropriate various sums for roads in the District of Kona, Hawaii, favoring the appropriations if possible under the present financial conditions of the Territory and recommending that the resolution be laid on the table to be considered with the appropriation bill. Adopted.

On the petition for a new road to certain homesteads in the District of South Kona, Hawaii, recommending it be referred to the joint loan Committee. Adopted.

On the Senate Bill to repeal the Wide Tire Act, recommending that it be laid on the table. The committee finds "that in almost all districts of the Islands, with the exception of the Island of Maui, that the provisions of the act have been complied with, and that the law as it stands is a good one." Tabled to be considered with the bill.

#### JUDICIARY REPORTS.

The Judiciary Committee reported favorably on the bill to provide for prison inspectors on the other islands than Oahu. It would not increase expenses, as the inspectors serve without pay. Laid on the table to be considered with the bill.

On the Senate Bill to amend Section 3029, Revised Laws, the Judiciary Committee submitted an amendment, so as to cover the impersonation of public officers other than those of the Board of Health, to make the section read as follows:

"Section 3029. Of government officer; punishment. Whoever falsely assumes to be a district magistrate, high sheriff, sheriff, deputy sheriff, policeman, sanitary inspector or agent of the Board of Health, or other officer or employee of the government, and takes upon himself to act as such, shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor for not more than one year or by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars."

Tabled to be considered with the bill. On Senate Bill 83, providing for masters in chancery and probate, the Judiciary committee reported favorably with a verbal amendment, saying:

"The bill changes the present practice, which is for the court to appoint some one as master at the time, and this change provides for permanent masters to whom accounts are to be referred as they come up. The present law makes the business practically a perquisite of the clerks of the courts. If the clerks of the courts have time to do this outside business, thus adding largely to their income, it would be well to take the item into consideration in fixing their salaries in case this bill does not become a law. This would, however, require a careful investigation, which is not our province."

Laid on the table to be considered with the bill.

#### LANE'S LEPROSY BILL.

A report of the Health Committee was read on the Senate bill to encourage physicians in experimenting for the cure of leprosy. It mentioned the strong and united campaign of Territorial and Federal officials and commercial organizations, which had resulted in the appropriation by Congress of \$100,000 to establish a leprosy sanatorium on Molokai and \$50,000 for the expenses up to June 30, 1906, and gave the committee's opinion that the passage of this bill might seem an expression of lack of confidence in the purpose of Congress so generously expressed. Therefore the committee unanimously recommended that the bill be laid on the table.

Lane, as author of the bill, thought he should be given an opportunity of explaining its intent and moved the report be laid on the table to be considered with the bill. Later, the bill came up in its order, he said he encouraged any licensed physician of this Territory to apply to the Board of Health for permission to treat a single patient. A law like this should have been in existence from the year in which segregation was adopted. It would not increase the expenses of the Board of Health.

Dickey asked if it would apply to Kalaiki receiving station.

Lane answered it would apply to anybody. It was the duty of the Legislature to encourage every licensed physician to experiment for the cure of the dread disease. The committee ought to have given him the courtesy of asking him to appear before them and explain the bill. Answering Hewitt he said that a physician obtaining the privilege must come to Honolulu to conduct his experiment at the receiving station.

On motion the bill was deferred till Monday for further consideration.

#### THE BRITISH CLAIMS.

Dowsett introduced a resolution asking the Governor for information regarding the so-called British claims of 1895, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

With a preamble stating that no definite response was made by the Governor to a request of the Senate in 1903 for information the resolution is as follows:

"Therefore, be it resolved, that the Governor of this Territory be, and he is hereby requested to convey to the Senate, with all convenient promptness, any and all information in his possession, the publicity of which would not, in his opinion, prejudice the public interest, concerning the present status of said claims, and the arrangements, if any, which have been made, or which are proposed or expected to be made, for the submission of said claims to arbitration, or for the settlement and

Here's a Snap

**15c.**

**Figured Lawns  
and Organdies  
at 10c, a Yard**

36-inch French percales 12 1-2c a yard.  
Merrimac prints 5c a yard.

**A. BLOM,** PROGRESS BLOCK  
FORT STREET.

payment thereof, or any thereof, without such arbitration; also what instructions have been given, or requests made to said Governor, if any, by the President of the United States, or the Secretary of State, with reference to the making of any provision for the settlement, or the payment of said claims, or of any of said claims, by the Territory of Hawaii."

#### WITH A ROUND TURN.

Clerk Savidge had got part way through with reading a communication from the Republican Central Committee, conveying a resolution of that body relative to the County Act, when Bishop interrupted the reading.

"I consider this communication personal," the Senator for Oahu interjected. "I do not question the right of the committee to send in a communication on a public matter, but this one deals in personalities. The personal part has been already read. I move that the communication be laid on the table."

Dowsett seconded the motion, which carried 8 to 4 on a show of hands.

#### MASS MEETING PETITION.

Dickey presented a petition from the Christian people of Honolulu, in mass meeting assembled at Kawaiahao Church, to make no change in the present Sunday law. Referred to Sunday Bill Committee.

#### NEW BILLS.

Dickey introduced a bill to compel the construction of fire escapes and to provide a penalty for failure to construct the same.

McCandless introduced a bill to provide for the protection of livery stock. It makes anyone hiring a livery stable-outfit who causes damage to vehicle, or injury or death to horse, liable to conviction of misdemeanor with penalty of imprisonment not exceeding three months or fine not exceeding \$100.

Another bill introduced by McCandless was to amend Sections 2173-80-81, Revised Laws, so as to provide that persons letting pasture lands may have a lien on the animals pastured for the agreed charges.

Achi introduced a bill "to create a police relief, health, and life insurance and pension fund in the Territory of Hawaii." To the widow or children under 16 of a policeman who loses his life in the performance of his duty a pension of one-third of the dead man's salary is provided. A payment of \$10.00 from the pension fund is provided for the widow or children, or if none, the mother or unmarried sisters, of a police officer who has served on the force for not less than ten years.

Conviction of felony, habitual drunkenness or failure to report for examination will forfeit the benefits of the proposed law.

The fund is to be provided from sources as follows: Not less than five nor more than ten per cent of fees received for licenses to sell liquor, one-half of the dog taxes, all of the moneys from fines of the police, the proceeds of all sales of unclaimed property, not less than a quarter nor more than a half of the license fees of pawnbrokers, billiard hall keepers, second-hand dealers and junk stores; 25 per cent of the fines for violation of county ordinances; all of the rewards to members of the police force, except such as shall be excepted by the sheriff, and \$2 a month from the pay of each member of the police department.

#### FUSS OVER VETO.

The Governor's veto of the bill relating to annulment of marriage, divorce and separation came up for action.

Dowsett could not see how the Senate could intelligently consider the veto without having the bill before it. McCandless said the House had already sustained the veto and entertained another bill on the subject. The only thing for the Senate to do was to sustain the Governor's veto.

Achi thought that was a wrong way because the House had sustained the veto then the Senate must sustain it. Maybe the Governor was wrong. He believed the Governor was wrong.

Dickey, after Dowsett had explained the Governor's objection, said if the House had sustained the veto the action of the Senate would not amount to anything.

"We passed the bill just as the House did," Paris said after McCandless and Achi had each spoken again. "We ought to know our own action. The Governor vetoed it as we passed it here. What is the use of haggling over the matter any longer?"

On call of the yeas and nays the veto was sustained, 14 to 1, only Achi voting to pass the bill notwithstanding the veto.

#### THIRD READING.

Senate Bill 65, to provide for the making of public reports by banks, trust companies and building and loan associations, not to apply to banks incorporated under the laws of Hawaii, passed third reading by the following vote:

Ayes—Achi, Bishop, Dickey, Dowsett, Gandall, Hayselden, Isenberg, Kalama, Lane, McCandless, Paris, Wilcox—12.

Noes—Brown, Hewitt, Woods—3.  
The Depository bill passed third reading by the unanimous vote of the fifteen members.

#### LABOR BILL PASSES.

House bill 43, to designate the pay of laborers on public works, did not have such a smooth course.

Bishop moved to add "and 25 cents" after "one dollar." Achi renewed an amendment lost the previous day to make the pay \$1.30 a day in Honolulu. Dickey objected that the laborers all over the islands were satisfied with one dollar a day. It should be remembered the bill did not make the wages, but only fixed a minimum rate. One dollar was considered big wages. The plantations were paying only \$18 a month. Leave it at a dollar as it stood. They had no right to make a difference between Honolulu and the other islands.

McCandless said it cost people in Honolulu more to live than people in the country. Country people did not spend anything for water or for wood. Lodgings were dearer in town.

Paris was looking out all he could for the working man, but at the same time he did not feel like binding the Government down to pay not less than a certain amount. The Government laborer had to work but eight hours a day, against 9 or 10 or 12 hours of labor on the plantations. One dollar was fair. They could not employ Asiatic labor.

Achi considered that from the standpoint of the country members, the proposed rates would be a very good thing. It would give the people in the country so much more benefit from the loan money.

The amendments were rejected on a show of hands and the bill passed by the following vote:

Ayes—Achi, Brown, Dickey, Gandall, Hayselden, Hewitt, Isenberg, Kalama, Paris, Wilcox, Woods—11.

Noes—Bishop, Dowsett, Lane, McCandless—4.

#### BILLS PROMOTED.

Many bills of both houses came up on second reading and were referred to appropriate committees.

The prison inspectors bill passed second reading, third reading set for today.

The bill to repeal the Wide Tire Act was tabled by adoption of the committee's report, 7 to 4 on show of hands. Paris called a halt on rushing things when the bill providing for masters in chancery and probate was about to be passed second reading by adoption of the Judiciary committee's report. He was in favor of having the bill read. The Senators did not know what they were doing. Mistakes might happen.

There was a tie vote, 7 to 7, on having the bill read and President Isenberg gave his casting vote to have the bill considered section by section.

The result was mistakes were discovered and the bill only passed second reading after amendments had been made.

The bill relating to impersonation of public officers passed second reading, third reading set for today.

By unanimous vote the Senate adopted the report of the joint committee, passing the House amendment to Senate bill 35, making the Registrar's fee for searching 25 cents for each year searched, as before, instead of 75 cents as the Senate made it.

At 3:53 the Senate adjourned.

#### THE HOUSE.

TWENTY-FOURTH DAY.

The House of Representatives has got down at last to the real matter which concerns most people, the bill respecting taxation, and the session yesterday afternoon was taken up mainly in discussion of the bill, as presented by Broad, in Committee of the whole.

An attempt was made to reduce the age limit for exemption from poll tax from 60 to 50 years on the motion of Aylett, but the House voted it down.

#### KALAKAUA AVENUE.

A great deal of routine work was put through during the day's session. The joint resolution of Senator McCandless to change the name of the Waikiki Road, from King street to Kapiolani park, to "Kalakaua Avenue" was unanimously adopted.

A letter from John Magoon protesting against changing the Sunday laws was read and filed.

The Miscellaneous Committee recommended the disallowance of Harris's proposed appropriation of \$50,000 for a subsidy to a passenger and freight steamer between Hawaii and the coast giving the following reason:

"First—That the financial condition of the Territory does not admit of any such large outlay, and

"Second—That if any subsidy at all is granted it should be extended to those steamers plying between the dif-

(Continued on page 3.)